

PERSONNEL POLICY

SUBJECT: TRANSGENDER NON-DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT

DATE: January 1, 2017 Number: 110-16

I. Statement of Policy

Fulton County does not discriminate in any way on the basis of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression. The purpose of this policy is to articulate Fulton County's commitment to comply with all non-discrimination provisions pursuant to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and demonstrate the County's desire to welcome and include transgender, gender non-conforming, and transitioning employees. This policy is designed to create a safe, productive and inclusive workplace environment for all employees. This policy sets forth guidelines to address the needs of transgender and gender non-conforming employees and clarifies how the relevant law and County policies should be implemented in situations where questions may arise about how to protect the rights or safety of such employees.

II. Anti-Discrimination/Harassment/Retaliation

It is unlawful and a violation of County policy to discriminate in any way (including, but not limited to, failure to hire, failure to promote, or unlawful termination) against an employee because of the employee's actual or perceived gender identity. Additionally, it is also unlawful and contrary to this policy to retaliate against any person objecting to, or supporting enforcement of legal protections against, gender identity discrimination in employment. The County is committed to creating a safe work environment for transgender and gender non-conforming employees. Any incident of discrimination, harassment, or violence based on gender identity or expression will be given immediate and effective attention, including, but not limited to, investigating the incident, taking suitable corrective action, and providing employees and staff with appropriate resources.

III. Applicability

This policy applies to all Fulton County departments and agencies, contractors, and elected officials.

IV. Establishment and Implementation of Procedure

The County Manager, in consultation with the Chief Human Resources Officer and the County Attorney is authorized to establish and modify, as needed, a procedure for implementing this policy.



PERSONNEL PROCEDURE

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I. Definitions

The definitions provided herein are not intended to label employees but rather to assist in understanding this policy and the legal obligations of Fulton County as an employer. Employees may or may not use these terms to describe themselves.

- <u>Gender identity</u>: A person's internal, deeply-felt sense of being male, female, or something other or in-between, regardless of the sex they were assigned at birth. Everyone has a gender identity.
- Gender expression: An individual's characteristics and behaviors (such as appearance, dress, mannerisms, speech patterns, and social interactions) that may be perceived as masculine or feminine.
- <u>Transgender</u>: An umbrella term that can be used to describe people whose gender identity and/or expression is different from their sex assigned at birth. A person whose sex assigned at birth was female but who identifies as male is a transgender man (also known as female-to-male transgender person, or FTM). A person whose sex assigned at birth was male but who identifies as female is a transgender woman (also known as male-to-female transgender person, or MTF). Some people described by this definition do not consider themselves transgender they may use other words, or may identify simply as a man or woman. A person does not need to identify as transgender in order for the County's nondiscrimination policies to apply to them.

- <u>Gender non-conforming</u>: This term describes people who have, or are perceived to have, gender characteristics and/or behaviors that do not conform to traditional or societal expectations. Keep in mind that these expectations can vary across cultures and have changed over time.
- Transition: The process of changing one's gender from the sex assigned at birth to one's gender identity. There are many different ways to transition. For some people, it is a complex process that takes place over a long period of time, while for others it is a one- or two-step process that happens more quickly. Transition may include "coming out" (telling family, friends, and coworkers); changing the name and/or sex on legal documents; and, for many transgender people, accessing medical treatment such as hormones and surgery.
- <u>Sexual orientation</u>: A person's physical or emotional attraction to people of the same and/or other gender. Straight, gay, and bisexual are some ways to describe sexual orientation. It is important to note that sexual orientation is distinct from gender identity and expression. Transgender people can be gay, lesbian, bisexual, or straight, just like non-transgender people.
- <u>LGBT</u>: A common abbreviation that refers to the lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender community.
- Workplace Transition Plan: A document developed by the Office of Diversity and Civil Rights Compliance (DCRC), Appointing Authority and the transitioning employee which guides some of the processes that may occur during an employee's transition. An appropriate Workplace Transition Plan must be customized for the individual needs of each transitioning employee. A transitioning employee's participation in the Workplace Transition Plan is strictly voluntary. A sample Transition Plan is attached to this procedure.

II. Responsibilities

The specific responsibilities under this policy are assigned to County departments and agencies as specified below:

- Appointing Authorities are responsible for ensuring that employees who transition on the job receive the full support of the department, their supervisors, and coworkers.
- The Department of Human Resources Management, in coordination with the Office of Diversity and Civil Rights Compliance (DCRC), is responsible for assisting each transitioning employee and Appointing Authorities to ensure a successful and safe workplace transition. The Department of Human Resources Management will also assist Appointing Authorities and transitioning employees to ensure that the transitioning employee has a new ID badge and photo if

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necessary; that all work documents have the appropriate name and gender; as well as assuring that name and gender designations have been changed in all of the places an employee's name may appear.

• The DCRC is responsible for recommending updates and other revisions to the Transgender Non-Discrimination in Employment Policy and Procedure to the County Manager, providing staff training, ensuring the implementation of non-discrimination and anti-harassment protections including discrimination complaint procedures associated with relevant County policies related to transgender, gender non-conforming and transitioning employees. Any incident of discrimination, harassment, or violence based on gender identity or expression should be reported immediately to the Office of Diversity and Civil Rights Compliance for investigation and follow up.

III. Privacy/Confidentiality

Transgender employees have the right to discuss their gender identity or expression openly, or to keep that information private. The transgender employee gets to decide when, with whom, and how much to disclose regarding his/her private gender identity or expression information. Information about an employee's transgender status (such as the sex they were assigned at birth) can constitute confidential medical information under privacy laws like HIPAA. In addition, the County's non-discrimination and anti-harassment policies prohibit any employee (including Management, Coworkers, Department of Human Resources Management or DCRC staff) from disclosing information that may reveal an employee's transgender status or gender non-conforming presentation to others. Such information may only be shared with the transgender employee's consent and with coworkers who truly need to know to do their jobs.

IV. Changing of Official Records

Fulton County will change an employee's official records, where possible, to reflect a change in name or gender upon request from the employee. Certain types of records, like those relating to payroll and retirement accounts, may require a legal name change before the person's name can be changed. Most records, however, can be changed to reflect a person's preferred name without proof of a legal name change. Fulton County will make every effort to update any photographs at the transitioning employee's workplace so the transitioning employee's gender identity and expression are represented accurately.

If a new or transitioning employee has questions about company records or ID documents, the employee should contact the Chief Human Resources Officer.

V. Names/ Pronouns

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An employee has the right to be addressed by the name and pronoun that correspond to the employee's gender identity, upon request. A court-ordered name or gender change is not required. The intentional or persistent refusal to respect an employee's gender identity (for example, intentionally referring to the employee by a name or pronoun that does not correspond to the employee's gender identity) can constitute harassment and is a violation of this policy. If you are unsure what pronoun a transitioning coworker might prefer, you can politely ask your coworker how they would like to be addressed.

VI. Sex-segregated job assignments

For sex-segregated jobs, transgender employees will be classified and assigned in a manner consistent with their gender identity and not their sex assigned at birth, provided they can fulfill the essential job requirements of the sex-segregated job.

VII. Restroom Accessibility

Employees shall have access to the restroom corresponding to their gender identity. Any employee who has a need or desire for increased privacy, regardless of the underlying reason, may be provided access to a single-stall restroom, when available. No employee, however, shall be required to use such a restroom. All employees have a right to safe and appropriate restroom facilities, including the right to use a restroom that corresponds to the employee's gender identity, regardless of the employee's sex assigned at birth. That is, transgender women must be permitted to use the women's restroom, and transgender men must be permitted to use the men's restroom. That decision should be left to the transgender employee to determine the most appropriate and safest option for them.

Some employees – transgender or non-transgender – may desire additional privacy. Where possible within the constraints of its existing facilities, the County may make available a unisex single-stall restroom that can be used by any employee who has a need for increased privacy, regardless of the underlying reason. For example, if any employee does not want to share a multi-person restroom with a transgender coworker, they can make use of this kind of option, if available.

VIII. Locker Room Accessibility

All employees have the right to use the locker room that corresponds to their gender identity. Any employee who has a need or desire for increased privacy, regardless of the underlying reason, can be provided with a reasonable alternative changing area such as the use of a private area, or using the locker room that corresponds to their gender identity before or after other employees. Any alternative arrangement for a transgender employee will be provided in a way that allows the employee to keep their transgender status confidential.

IX. Dress Codes

The County does not have dress codes that restrict employees' clothing or appearance on the basis of gender. Transgender and gender non-conforming employees have the right to comply with department dress codes in a manner consistent with their gender identity or gender expression.

Fulton County Workplace Transition Plan Guide

Note: this Workplace Transition Plan Guide addresses some of the processes that may occur at Fulton County during an employee transition. An appropriate Workplace Transition Plan must be customized for the individual needs of each transitioning employee.

I. Before the Workplace Transition Begins

- 1. The transitioning employee should consult with the Office of Diversity and Civil Rights Compliance, their Appointing Authority, or other selected first point of contact to make them aware of the employee's upcoming transition.
- 2. Next, if the transitioning employee's Appointing Authority or other supervisor was not the first point of contact, a meeting between the transitioning employee and the employee's supervisor and others, if desired by the transitioning employee should be scheduled to ensure the supervisor knows of the employee's planned transition. Note: Management beyond the transitioning employee's supervisor should be made aware of the employee's planned transition so that leaders can express their support when the employee's transition is made known to the employee's work team.
- 3. The transitioning employee and their initial point person should meet to discuss all of the individuals who will need to be included in the workplace transition plan. This should include the employee, the employee's Appointing Authority, and the immediate supervisor (if applicable), and someone from DCRC. All members of this transition team should familiarize themselves with the company's policies and any other relevant resources that provide educational information about transgender issues.

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II. Creating the Workplace Transition Plan

The Plan should include the following:

- 1. The date when the transition will officially and formally occur. This means the date that the employee will change their gender expression, name, and pronouns. The transitioning employee may choose to begin using the restroom and locker room associated with their gender identity on this date as well. The transitioning employee will know best when this should occur as they will be able to determine all relevant factors to be considered when choosing this date.
- 2. Decide how, and in what format, the transitioning employee's co-workers should be made aware of the employee's transition. It is up to the transitioning employee to decide if they would like to make some co-workers aware of their transition on a one-on-one basis before it is officially announced.
 - 3. Decide what, if any, training will be given to co-workers.
- 4. Determine what updates should be made to the transitioning employee's records, and when they will be made.
- 5. Determine dates of any leave that may be needed for pre-scheduled medical procedures.
- 6. Ensure that all name changes and photographs are updated in advance so that they are prepared on the transition day. This includes email addresses. Make sure to keep in mind that name changes within certain processes could take longer than in others. Figure this into your Transition Plan timeline.

III. The Day the Transition Will Be Made Known to the Work Team

- 1. Have a work team transition meeting that includes the transitioning employee, the employee's Appointing Authority, other supervisor (if applicable), the employee's co-workers, and any other Fulton County leaders if they are able to attend. Otherwise, remote conference any members of the transition team or the employee's work team that cannot be there in person. It's important to have this meeting in person if at all possible. If the employee thinks it would be helpful, a handout about transgender issues can be provided at this meeting. It is up to the employee whether they feel comfortable attending or would prefer not to be there.
- 2. The employee's Appointing Authority should announce the transition, along with any other high level management who are there in order to show solidarity for the transitioning employee. The speaking Appointing Authority must:

- i. Emphasize the transitioning employee's importance to the County and the management's complete support of the employee's transition.
 - ii. Review the County's relevant nondiscrimination policies.
- iii. Indicate that the transitioning employee will be presenting themselves in accordance with their gender identity and this should be respected. The manager should also advise co-workers about the transitioning employee's new name and preferred pronoun.
- iv. Be a behavioral model by using the transitioning employee's new name and pronoun in all communications written and oral, formal and informal.
- v. Make a point that the transition will not change the workplace and that everything should go on as it did previously.
- vi. Solicit any questions. Refer questions the manager cannot answer to DCRC.
- vii. If training is going to occur, the date should be announced at this meeting. If possible, the training should occur before the date of the employee's official workplace transition.

IV. The First Day of the Employee's Official Workplace Transition

The transitioning employee's Appointing Authority should ensure that all elements are in place, in the same way the supervisor would for a new hire or transferred employee. These elements include:

- 1. Making sure that the transitioning employee has a new ID badge and photo if necessary.
- 2. Ensuring all work documents have the appropriate name and gender and checking that these have been changed in all of the places an employee's name may appear.

V. Ongoing Support

The County will provide ongoing support as necessary to transitioning employees, their coworkers, and their Appointing Authorities to ensure a safe and inclusive workplace for all employees.